SBI PO Prelims
Practice Paper 07

Independent learning edition • Pattern checked 26 October 2026

Foundation-to-intermediate difficulty. Full-length section counts; not a calibrated prediction of official difficulty, cut-offs or selection. English-only educational resource. Recurring concepts and question families are intentionally reused across sets.

Mains awareness covers static concepts and numerical applications. Add current affairs from original sources for your examination date. These are original practice questions, not SBI papers or recalled previous-year content.

Section	Questions	Practice marks	Minutes
English	40	40	20
Quantitative Aptitude	30	30	20
Reasoning	30	30	20

Choose one of five options per objective question. Deduct one quarter of the assigned question mark for a wrong answer; no penalty for blanks. Mains practice question weights are 1.5 / 2 / 1 / 0.5 in the section order above. This equal-within-section allocation is a home-scoring convention, not a claim about official question-level weights.

Practice mode: work carefully and review methods. Mock mode: keep the answer pages closed and obey every section timer. Record your answers separately; PDF page breaks are not section time breaks.

Name: _____ Date: _____ Attempt: _____

Section 1 — English Language • Questions 1–40 • 20 minutes

Passage 1. A public library in Bhopal introduced an evening study room. During its first month, 54 people registered, but only half attended regularly. Interviews suggested that unreliable transport, rather than a lack of interest, prevented some visits. The library therefore tested earlier closing hours and shared travel information. Attendance subsequently improved. However, the coordinator warned that examination dates had also drawn nearer, so the increase could not be attributed entirely to the new arrangements. She recommended another trial outside the examination season before making a permanent decision. Her aim was to remove practical barriers while using evidence carefully, not to claim that one change had solved every problem.

1. What is the main message?

A) Transport never affects learning B) Exams are the only cause of attendance C) Registration proves regular attendance D) Access improvements should be tested and evaluated carefully E) Libraries should stop evening services

2. Why could some people not attend regularly?

A) A ban on books B) No interest in examinations C) The room had permanently closed D) Unreliable transport E) A mandatory fee increase

3. Why is the coordinator cautious?

A) All visitors rejected the change B) The first month had not ended C) Transport had worsened everywhere D) No one registered E) An approaching examination may also explain the increase

4. Which conclusion is supported?

A) The trial proves causation B) All registered people attended daily C) Registration and regular attendance are different measures D) Earlier closing always reduces attendance E) Libraries cannot evaluate programmes

5. Which best describes the tone?

A) Despairing B) Hostile C) Celebratory without reservation D) Mocking E) Measured and analytical

Passage 2. A small manufacturer replaced a paper stock register with a digital system. The software could flag shortages, but only when employees entered transactions promptly. At first, managers treated every alert as evidence of supplier failure. An audit later showed that delayed entries had produced several false warnings. The company trained staff, clarified responsibility for data entry and reviewed the alerts alongside physical stock checks. Managers retained the software because it made information easier to share, but stopped treating its outputs as infallible. The experience showed that a useful tool can amplify both good information and poor information. Buying technology did not remove the need for sound working practices.

6. What caused several false warnings?

A) The use of physical checks B) Excessive staff training C) Delayed transaction entries D) A permanent shortage of all goods E) An absence of suppliers

7. Which is the strongest supported inference?

A) Audits should be avoided B) Software can never help a business C) Suppliers caused every alert D) Training guarantees zero errors E) Data quality affects the usefulness of automated alerts

8. In context, infallible means:

A) Incapable of error B) Quick to install C) Widely advertised D) Difficult to buy E) Frequently updated

9. Why was the software retained?

A) It eliminated all staff duties B) It prevented all future errors C) It removed the need for stock checks D) It replaced every supplier E) It made information easier to share

10. Which title fits best?

A) A Case Against All Training B) Technology Needs Reliable Working Practices C) Replacing Staff with Alerts D) Why All Suppliers Fail E) The End of Inventory Management

11. Choose the correct completion: Not only the staff but also the manager ___ attending.

A) have B) were C) is D) being E) are

12. Choose the correct completion: Each of the applicants ___ an identity document.

A) have B) were C) having D) are E) has

13. Choose the correct completion: Please divide the amount equally ___ the three partners.

A) among B) against C) throughout D) between two E) beside

14. Choose the correct completion: A number of applicants ___ waiting outside.

A) is B) are C) was D) has E) being

15. Choose the correct completion: The information ___ useful.

A) are B) is C) have D) were E) being

16. Choose the correct completion: The documents must ___ before submission.

A) been checked B) be checked C) checks D) have check E) checking

17. Choose the correct completion: By the time we arrived, the meeting ___.

A) ending B) will ended C) has end D) end E) had ended

18. Choose the correct completion: There were ___ errors in the revised version than in the draft.

A) little B) much C) least D) fewer E) less

19. Choose the correct completion: This proposal is preferable ___ the earlier one.

A) as B) than C) from D) over than E) to

20. Choose the correct completion: The officer insisted ___ checking the original.

A) to B) on C) with D) at E) from

21. Choose the correct completion: Despite ___ tired, she completed the review.

A) been B) being C) was D) be E) is

22. Choose the correct completion: He has been studying ___ three hours.

A) for B) at C) by D) since E) from

23. Choose the correct completion: Hardly had the session begun ___ the lights failed.

A) as if B) then C) that D) than E) when

24. Choose the correct completion: The number of pending requests ___ falling.

A) is B) are C) were D) being E) have

25. Choose the correct completion: The report, along with its annexures, ___ ready.

A) are B) being C) have D) is E) were

26. Choose the closest meaning of "retain".

A) brief B) keep C) reduce D) assign E) discourage

27. Choose the closest meaning of "transparent".

A) brief B) outdated C) assign D) open E) unbiased

28. Choose the closest meaning of "reluctant".

A) unclear B) confirm C) unwilling D) postpone E) unfavourable

29. Choose the closest meaning of "concur".

A) agree B) open C) improve D) unclear E) postpone

30. Choose the closest meaning of "verify".

A) improve B) confirm C) limited D) hardworking E) practical

31. Choose the closest meaning of "infer".

A) deduce B) unfavourable C) improve D) unbiased E) examine

32. Choose the closest meaning of "feasible".

A) practical B) keep C) assign D) improve E) deduce

33. Choose the closest meaning of "obsolete".

A) unwilling B) outdated C) limited D) keep E) confirm

34. Choose the closest meaning of "mitigate".

A) keep B) agree C) reduce D) examine E) unnecessary

35. Choose the closest meaning of "impartial".

A) unbiased B) unclear C) assign D) outdated E) logical

36. Arrange the sentences logically. P: The officer examined the transaction record. Q: The bank then initiated the correction. R: The record confirmed a duplicate entry. S: A customer reported a duplicated debit.

A) SPRQ B) SPQR C) QRPS D) PSRQ E) RSPQ

37. Arrange the sentences logically. P: It measured waiting times for a week. Q: The team identified long queues. R: A later review assessed the new roster. S: Using those findings, it changed the roster.

A) PRSQ B) QPSR C) RPQS D) SQPR E) SRPQ

38. Arrange the sentences logically. P: She checked every entry for accuracy. Q: After that review, she submitted it. R: An applicant completed the form. S: She then saved the acknowledgement.

A) PQSR B) QRPS C) RPQS D) RPSQ E) RQSP

39. Arrange the sentences logically. P: The analyst collected the monthly figures. Q: Once the gaps were resolved, he calculated growth. R: He checked them for missing entries. S: Finally, he summarised the results.

A) SPRQ B) PRQS C) QSRP D) RQSP E) RPSQ

40. Arrange the sentences logically. P: A library planned a reading programme. Q: It first asked residents about suitable times. R: Based on their replies, it chose an evening slot. S: The programme began in that slot the next week.

A) PRSQ B) PQRS C) PSRQ D) SPRQ E) QRSP

Section 2 — Quantitative Aptitude • Questions 41–70 • 20 minutes

Data set 1: Four branches processed applications in one week: A: 270, B: 360, C: 180, D: 400. All values are counts, not percentages.

41. What was the total number processed?

A) 1208 B) 1210 C) 1212 D) 1206 E) 1214

42. What was the average number per branch?

A) 298.5 B) 304.5 C) 306.5 D) 300.5 E) 302.5

43. What is the ratio of branch A to branch B?

A) 29/36 B) 7/9 C) 3/4 D) 5/6 E) 31/36

44. How many more applications did A and B together process than C?

A) 454 B) 450 C) 448 D) 452 E) 446

45. If C processes 20% more next week, how many will it process?

A) 212 B) 216 C) 214 D) 218 E) 220

Data set 2: Four branches processed applications in one week: A: 180, B: 400, C: 370, D: 330. All values are counts, not percentages.

46. What was the total number processed?

A) 1276 B) 1280 C) 1278 D) 1284 E) 1282

47. What was the average number per branch?

A) 316 B) 318 C) 322 D) 324 E) 320

48. What is the ratio of branch A to branch B?

A) 1/2 B) 11/20 C) 19/40 D) 9/20 E) 21/40

49. How many more applications did A and B together process than C?

A) 206 B) 208 C) 214 D) 212 E) 210

50. If C processes 20% more next week, how many will it process?

A) 444 B) 442 C) 448 D) 446 E) 440

Data set 3: Four branches processed applications in one week: A: 340, B: 200, C: 310, D: 200. All values are counts, not percentages.

51. What was the total number processed?

A) 1052 B) 1050 C) 1048 D) 1046 E) 1054

52. What was the average number per branch?

A) 258.5 B) 266.5 C) 262.5 D) 264.5 E) 260.5

53. What is the ratio of branch A to branch B?

A) 17/10 B) 19/10 C) 37/20 D) 9/5 E) 7/4

54. How many more applications did A and B together process than C?

A) 234 B) 228 C) 230 D) 232 E) 226

55. If C processes 20% more next week, how many will it process?

A) 374 B) 372 C) 370 D) 368 E) 376

56. Find simple interest on Rs 2900 at 20% per year for 2 years.

A) 1160 B) 1156 C) 1164 D) 1162 E) 1158

57. Find compound interest on Rs 1400 for two years at 10% annually.

A) 298 B) 290 C) 292 D) 294 E) 296

58. An item costing Rs 430 is marked 50% above cost and sold at a 20% discount on marked price. What is the profit in rupees?

A) 88 B) 86 C) 90 D) 84 E) 82

59. The average of 5 values is 42. A new value of 61 is added. What is the new average? Round to two decimals.

A) 41.17 B) 49.17 C) 43.17 D) 47.17 E) 45.17

60. A can finish a job in 4 days and B in 8 days. How many days will they take together?

A) 83/30 B) 37/15 C) 77/30 D) 43/15 E) 8/3

61. A train travels at 50 km/h for 2 hours. What distance does it cover?

A) 100 B) 98 C) 102 D) 96 E) 104

62. A boat moves at 16 km/h in still water. The stream speed is 5 km/h. How far downstream does it travel in 3 hours?

A) 65 B) 61 C) 63 D) 67 E) 59

63. Rs 310 is divided in the ratio 4:6. What is the larger share?

A) 186 B) 182 C) 184 D) 190 E) 188

64. A mixture contains 60 litres of milk and 30 litres of water. How much water must be added to make milk half of the mixture?

A) 34 B) 32 C) 30 D) 28 E) 26

65. A invests Rs 7000 for 12 months and B Rs 10000 for 12 months. If profit is Rs 136, what is A's share?

A) 58 B) 56 C) 54 D) 60 E) 52

66. A bag has 3 red and 3 blue balls. One is drawn randomly. What is the probability it is red?

A) 1/2 B) 7/10 C) 3/5 D) 3/10 E) 2/5

67. How many unordered pairs can be selected from 8 distinct people?

A) 30 B) 26 C) 32 D) 24 E) 28

68. Find the next term: 3, 6, 9, 12, ?

A) 11 B) 13 C) 19 D) 15 E) 17

69. If $3x + 4 = 22$, what is x?

A) 8 B) 4 C) 2 D) 10 E) 6

70. What is 25% of 50?

A) 16.5 B) 14.5 C) 12.5 D) 8.5 E) 10.5

Section 3 — Reasoning Ability • Questions 71–100 • 20 minutes

Seven people sit in a straight row facing north. Positions are counted from the left. F is third from the left. E sits two places left of F. A sits immediately right of E. G sits three places right of F. C sits immediately right of G. D sits immediately left of G. B occupies the remaining place.

71. Who occupies position 1 in the stated order?

A) B B) D C) C D) F E) E

72. Who occupies position 3 in the stated order?

A) B B) F C) C D) D E) A

73. Who occupies position 5 in the stated order?

A) D B) G C) E D) C E) F

74. How many people are strictly between A and G?

A) 3 B) 4 C) 1 D) 2 E) 5

75. What is the position of C in the stated order?

A) 4 B) 6 C) 2 D) 3 E) 7

Seven people live on seven different floors numbered 1 (lowest) to 7 (highest). D lives on floor 5. G lives three floors below D. F lives immediately below G. B lives two floors above D. C lives immediately below B. E lives immediately above G. A lives on the remaining floor.

76. Who occupies position 1 in the stated order?

A) D B) B C) A D) F E) E

77. Who occupies position 3 in the stated order?

A) A B) C C) E D) D E) G

78. Who occupies position 5 in the stated order?

A) C B) F C) G D) A E) D

79. How many people are strictly between G and C?

A) 3 B) 1 C) 2 D) 4 E) 5

80. What is the position of B in the stated order?

A) 4 B) 6 C) 2 D) 3 E) 7

Seven people have one appointment each, from Monday to Sunday in that order. C attends on Thursday. D attends three days before C. E attends two days after D. G attends between D and E. B attends three days after C. A attends two days before B. F takes the remaining day.

81. Who occupies position 1 in the stated order?

A) G B) B C) C D) D E) A

82. Who occupies position 3 in the stated order?

A) A B) B C) G D) E E) F

83. Who occupies position 5 in the stated order?

A) G B) E C) F D) D E) A

84. How many people are strictly between G and F?

A) 5 B) 2 C) 1 D) 4 E) 3

85. What is the position of B in the stated order?

A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 7 E) 6

86. Given U > V >= T = P < S, which relation must be true?

A) S < P B) U > P C) U = P D) U < P E) V < T

87. Given V > R >= P = T < M, which relation must be true?

A) R < P B) V > T C) V = T D) V < T E) M < T

88. Given L > S >= P = R < U, which relation must be true?

A) L = R B) L < R C) L > R D) U < R E) S < P

89. Given N > T >= M = K < S, which relation must be true?

A) T < M B) N = K C) S < K D) N < K E) N > K

90. Given U > K >= N = P < S, which relation must be true?

A) U < P B) S < P C) U = P D) U > P E) K < N

91. A person walks 8 m east, 2 m north, 13 m west and 2 m south. How far and in which direction is the person from the start?

A) 2 m south B) 13 m west C) 8 m north D) 5 m west E) 5 m east

92. A person walks 10 m east, 4 m north, 18 m west and 4 m south. How far and in which direction is the person from the start?

A) 4 m south B) 18 m west C) 8 m east D) 8 m west E) 10 m north

93. A person walks 20 m east, 15 m north, 26 m west and 15 m south. How far and in which direction is the person from the start?

A) 20 m north B) 15 m south C) 26 m west D) 6 m east E) 6 m west

94. A person walks 14 m east, 6 m north, 23 m west and 6 m south. How far and in which direction is the person from the start?

A) 14 m north B) 6 m south C) 9 m west D) 9 m east E) 23 m west

95. A person walks 18 m east, 4 m north, 24 m west and 4 m south. How far and in which direction is the person from the start?

A) 6 m west B) 18 m north C) 4 m south D) 24 m west E) 6 m east

96. In a queue of 39 people, R is 17th from the front. What is R's position from the back?

A) 25 B) 19 C) 21 D) 27 E) 23

97. In a queue of 39 people, R is 18th from the front. What is R's position from the back?

A) 22 B) 18 C) 24 D) 26 E) 20

98. In a queue of 54 people, R is 6th from the front. What is R's position from the back?

A) 45 B) 51 C) 49 D) 47 E) 53

99. In a queue of 33 people, R is 20th from the front. What is R's position from the back?

A) 18 B) 16 C) 12 D) 14 E) 10

100. In a queue of 71 people, R is 17th from the front. What is R's position from the back?

A) 55 B) 53 C) 57 D) 51 E) 59

Answer key and short solutions

1: D | 2: D | 3: E | 4: C | 5: E | 6: C | 7: E | 8: A | 9: E | 10: B

11: C | 12: E | 13: A | 14: B | 15: B | 16: B | 17: E | 18: D | 19: E | 20: B

21: B | 22: A | 23: E | 24: A | 25: D | 26: B | 27: D | 28: C | 29: A | 30: B

31: A | 32: A | 33: B | 34: C | 35: A | 36: A | 37: B | 38: C | 39: B | 40: B

41: B | 42: E | 43: C | 44: B | 45: B | 46: B | 47: E | 48: D | 49: E | 50: A

51: B | 52: C | 53: A | 54: C | 55: B | 56: A | 57: D | 58: B | 59: E | 60: E

61: A | 62: C | 63: A | 64: C | 65: B | 66: A | 67: E | 68: D | 69: E | 70: C

71: E | 72: B | 73: A | 74: A | 75: E | 76: D | 77: C | 78: E | 79: A | 80: E

81: D | 82: D | 83: E | 84: E | 85: D | 86: B | 87: B | 88: C | 89: E | 90: D

91: D | 92: D | 93: E | 94: C | 95: A | 96: E | 97: A | 98: C | 99: D | 100: A

Explanations

1. D — Access improvements should be tested and evaluated carefully. The passage combines barrier reduction with caution about causation.

2. D — Unreliable transport. Interviews identified transport as a practical barrier.

3. E — An approaching examination may also explain the increase. The examination calendar is a competing explanation.

4. C — Registration and regular attendance are different measures. Only half the registered people attended regularly.

5. E — Measured and analytical. The writer weighs evidence and limitations.

6. C — Delayed transaction entries. Delayed input distorted the alerts.

7. E — Data quality affects the usefulness of automated alerts. The same tool produced misleading alerts when inputs were late.

8. A — Incapable of error. Managers stopped treating the outputs as always correct.

9. E — It made information easier to share. The passage explicitly names information sharing as a benefit.

10. B — Technology Needs Reliable Working Practices. The main theme is technology plus good process.

11. C — is. The nearer subject manager is singular.

12. E — has. Each takes a singular verb.

13. A — among. Among is appropriate for the three recipients.

14. B — are. A number of refers to plural applicants.

15. B — is. Information is an uncountable singular noun.

16. B — be checked. A modal passive uses be plus past participle.

17. E — had ended. The earlier of two past events uses past perfect.

18. D — fewer. Countable plural errors takes fewer.

19. E — to. Preferable takes to.

20. B — on. The idiomatic construction is insist on.

21. B — being. Despite takes a noun or gerund phrase.

22. A — for. For introduces a duration.

23. E — when. Hardly ... when is the standard pair.

24. A — is. The number is the singular subject.

25. D — is. The grammatical subject report is singular.

26. B — keep. In standard usage, retain means keep.

27. D — open. In standard usage, transparent means open.

28. C — unwilling. In standard usage, reluctant means unwilling.

29. A — agree. In standard usage, concur means agree.

30. B — confirm. In standard usage, verify means confirm.
31. A — deduce. In standard usage, infer means deduce.
32. A — practical. In standard usage, feasible means practical.
33. B — outdated. In standard usage, obsolete means outdated.
34. C — reduce. In standard usage, mitigate means reduce.
35. A — unbiased. In standard usage, impartial means unbiased.
36. A — SPRQ. The sequence follows the event, review, action and outcome. Correct order: SPRQ
37. B — QPSR. The sequence follows the event, review, action and outcome. Correct order: QPSR
38. C — RPQS. The sequence follows the event, review, action and outcome. Correct order: RPQS
39. B — PRQS. The sequence follows the event, review, action and outcome. Correct order: PRQS
40. B — PQRS. The sequence follows the event, review, action and outcome. Correct order: PQRS
41. B — 1210. Add all four values: 1210.
42. E — 302.5. Total 1210 divided by 4 = 302.5.
43. C — 3/4. Simplify 270/360.
44. B — 450. A + B - C = 450. A negative result means fewer.
45. B — 216. 180 × 1.2 = 216.
46. B — 1280. Add all four values: 1280.
47. E — 320. Total 1280 divided by 4 = 320.
48. D — 9/20. Simplify 180/400.
49. E — 210. A + B - C = 210. A negative result means fewer.
50. A — 444. 370 × 1.2 = 444.
51. B — 1050. Add all four values: 1050.
52. C — 262.5. Total 1050 divided by 4 = 262.5.
53. A — 17/10. Simplify 340/200.
54. C — 230. A + B - C = 230. A negative result means fewer.
55. B — 372. 310 × 1.2 = 372.
56. A — 1160. P × r × t / 100 = 1160.
57. D — 294. Two-year interest factor = $1.1^2 - 1 = 0.21$.
58. B — 86. Selling price = cost × 1.5 × 0.8 = 1.2 × cost; profit = 20% of cost.
59. E — 45.17. New total = 271; divide by 6.
60. E — 8/3. Combined rate = 1/4 + 1/8; invert it.
61. A — 100. Distance = speed × time.
62. C — 63. Downstream speed = boat speed + stream speed.
63. A — 186. Larger share = 310 × 6/(4+6).
64. C — 30. For milk to be half, total water must equal the milk volume.
65. B — 56. Equal durations: profit ratio equals capital ratio.
66. A — 1/2. Favourable outcomes divided by total outcomes.
67. E — 28. 8C2 = 8 × 7/2.
68. D — 15. The common difference is 3.
69. E — 6. Subtract 4 and divide by 3.
70. C — 12.5. 50 × 25/100.
71. E — E. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is E, A, F, B, D, G, C.
72. B — F. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is E, A, F, B, D, G, C.
73. A — D. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is E, A, F, B, D, G, C.
74. A — 3. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is E, A, F, B, D, G, C.
75. E — 7. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is E, A, F, B, D, G, C.

76. D — F. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is F, G, E, A, D, C, B.
77. C — E. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is F, G, E, A, D, C, B.
78. E — D. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is F, G, E, A, D, C, B.
79. A — 3. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is F, G, E, A, D, C, B.
80. E — 7. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is F, G, E, A, D, C, B.
81. D — D. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is D, G, E, C, A, F, B.
82. D — E. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is D, G, E, C, A, F, B.
83. E — A. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is D, G, E, C, A, F, B.
84. E — 3. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is D, G, E, C, A, F, B.
85. D — 7. The ordered arrangement (left to right / bottom to top / Monday to Sunday) is D, G, E, C, A, F, B.
86. B — U > P. U > V >= T and T = P; hence U > P.
87. B — V > T. V > R >= P and P = T; hence V > T.
88. C — L > R. L > S >= P and P = R; hence L > R.
89. E — N > K. N > T >= M and M = K; hence N > K.
90. D — U > P. U > K >= N and N = P; hence U > P.
91. D — 5 m west. North and south cancel; net horizontal movement is 8-(13) = -5 m.
92. D — 8 m west. North and south cancel; net horizontal movement is 10-(18) = -8 m.
93. E — 6 m west. North and south cancel; net horizontal movement is 20-(26) = -6 m.
94. C — 9 m west. North and south cancel; net horizontal movement is 14-(23) = -9 m.
95. A — 6 m west. North and south cancel; net horizontal movement is 18-(24) = -6 m.
96. E — 23. Position from back = total - front rank + 1 = 23.
97. A — 22. Position from back = total - front rank + 1 = 22.
98. C — 49. Position from back = total - front rank + 1 = 49.
99. D — 14. Position from back = total - front rank + 1 = 14.
100. A — 55. Position from back = total - front rank + 1 = 55.

Review your attempt

Record section-wise correct, wrong and blank counts. Accuracy = correct / attempted × 100. List three conceptual errors, two avoidable calculation or reading errors and one change for your next attempt. Reattempt missed questions after 48 hours.

Pattern source: SBI Careers, CRPD/PO/2026-27/09, official Prelims and Mains information handouts. https://sbi.bank.in/web/careers/current-openings. No official sample-question text has been copied into this paper.