

IBPS PO Prelims Mock Test 8

Prepared according to the latest CRP PO/MT-XVI structure announced in July 2026

Section	Questions	Marks	Time
English Language	30	30	20 min
Quantitative Aptitude	35	30	20 min
Reasoning Ability	35	40	20 min
Total	100	100	60 min

Instructions: Sectional timing applies. The paper contains 100 questions for 100 marks. Negative marking: one-fourth of the marks assigned to a question for each wrong answer.

Disclaimer: This is original educational practice material, not an official IBPS question paper. Candidates must verify current rules at www.ibps.in.

Section 1: English Language

1. Passage: A good preparation plan balances learning, revision and testing. Many candidates spend most of their time reading but postpone mock tests until the final week. This approach often creates false confidence because passive reading does not reveal whether a student can solve questions under time pressure. A better method is to complete one topic, practise questions, review mistakes and revisit the topic after a gap. Full-length mock tests should then be used to improve selection strategy, accuracy and stamina. The objective is not merely to attempt more questions, but to attempt the right questions with control.

What problem is identified in the passage?

- (A) Candidates revise too often
- (B) Candidates solve too many questions
- (C) Candidates delay mock tests and rely too much on reading
- (D) Candidates avoid all study material
- (E) Candidates focus only on sleep

2. Why can passive reading create false confidence?

- (A) It makes the syllabus shorter
- (B) It does not test performance under time pressure
- (C) It always improves memory
- (D) It guarantees accuracy
- (E) It removes negative marking

3. What should follow the completion of a topic?

- (A) Only rereading
- (B) Taking a long break
- (C) Practice, error review and spaced revision
- (D) Changing the syllabus
- (E) Skipping difficult questions

4. What is the purpose of full-length mock tests?

- (A) To learn new grammar rules only
- (B) To improve strategy, accuracy and stamina
- (C) To avoid revision
- (D) To replace the syllabus
- (E) To increase guessing

5. The author values:

- (A) avoiding feedback
- (B) controlled and accurate attempts
- (C) passive reading
- (D) maximum guessing
- (E) last-minute study

6. Cloze passage: A bank is not only a place to keep money. It also _____(1) credit, supports payments and helps customers _____(2) financial goals. As services become more digital, banks must _____(3) strong security systems. Customers, meanwhile, should remain _____(4) and verify suspicious requests. Trust grows when both institutions and users act _____(5).

Choose the best word for blank (1).

- (A) provides
- (B) divides
- (C) hides
- (D) deletes
- (E) borrows

7. Choose the best word for blank (2).

- (A) scatter
- (B) forget

- (C) refuse
 - (D) cancel
 - (E) achieve
8. Choose the best word for blank (3).
- (A) avoid
 - (B) destroy
 - (C) borrow
 - (D) maintain
 - (E) confuse
9. Choose the best word for blank (4).
- (A) careless
 - (B) ancient
 - (C) silent
 - (D) absent
 - (E) alert
10. Choose the best word for blank (5).
- (A) slowly
 - (B) randomly
 - (C) rarely
 - (D) secretly
 - (E) responsibly
11. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *Each of the candidates have submitted the form.*
- (A) Each of the candidates have submitted the form.
 - (B) None of these
 - (C) Each of the candidates has submitted the form.
 - (D) No improvement required
 - (E) Each of the candidates has submitted the form.
12. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *The information are useful for applicants.*
- (A) No improvement required
 - (B) Option 5
 - (C) None of these
 - (D) The information are useful for applicants.
 - (E) The information is useful for applicants.
13. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *She is senior than me in the department.*
- (A) No improvement required
 - (B) None of these
 - (C) She is senior than me in the department.
 - (D) She is senior to me in the department.
 - (E) She are senior to me in the department.
14. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *He is good in solving puzzles.*
- (A) No improvement required
 - (B) None of these
 - (C) He is good in solving puzzles.
 - (D) He are good at solving puzzles.
 - (E) He is good at solving puzzles.
15. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *She prefers tea than coffee.*
- (A) She prefers tea to coffee.
 - (B) None of these
 - (C) She prefers tea to coffee.
 - (D) She prefers tea than coffee.
 - (E) No improvement required
16. The committee reached a _____ decision after reviewing the data.
- (A) fragile
 - (B) random
 - (C) hollow
 - (D) distant
 - (E) unanimous
17. The central bank took measures to _____ inflation.
- (A) invent
 - (B) scatter
 - (C) celebrate
 - (D) divide
 - (E) control
18. The auditor was asked to _____ the unusual transaction.
- (A) decorate
 - (B) multiply

- (C) postpone
 - (D) investigate
 - (E) translate
19. The bank launched a campaign to _____ customers about cyber fraud.
- (A) educate
 - (B) confuse
 - (C) punish
 - (D) divide
 - (E) exclude
20. The candidate remained _____ despite the difficult paper.
- (A) calm
 - (B) ancient
 - (C) formal
 - (D) narrow
 - (E) empty
21. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Prudent**.
- (A) noisy
 - (B) careful
 - (C) reckless
 - (D) ancient
 - (E) temporary
22. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Obsolete**.
- (A) useful
 - (B) rapid
 - (C) modern
 - (D) flexible
 - (E) outdated
23. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Imminent**.
- (A) about to happen
 - (B) past
 - (C) hidden
 - (D) optional
 - (E) unlikely
24. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Integrity**.
- (A) honesty
 - (B) luxury
 - (C) silence
 - (D) fear
 - (E) speed
25. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Mitigate**.
- (A) repeat
 - (B) measure
 - (C) intensify
 - (D) ignore
 - (E) reduce
26. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:
- A. Lending supports households and businesses.
 - B. Banks collect deposits from the public.
 - C. They use a part of these funds for lending.
 - D. Thus, banks play a key role in economic activity.
- (A) ABCD
 - (B) ABDC
 - (C) BCAD
 - (D) CBAD
 - (E) DCBA
27. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:
- A. It also builds exam confidence.
 - B. Repeated testing improves accuracy.
 - C. A mock test reveals weak areas.
 - D. The candidate can then revise those topics.
- (A) CBAD
 - (B) ABCD
 - (C) CDBA
 - (D) ACBD
 - (E) DCBA
28. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:
- A. Financial literacy begins with budgeting.

- B. A budget records income and expenses.
- C. Over time, this supports better saving habits.
- D. It helps people control unnecessary spending.

- (A) BCAD
- (B) CADB
- (C) ACBD
- (D) ABDC
- (E) DCBA

29. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:

- A. The aim is to maintain price stability.
- B. Inflation reduces purchasing power.
- C. Central banks monitor price trends carefully.
- D. They may change policy rates when required.

- (A) ACBD
- (B) CABD
- (C) CADB
- (D) ABDC
- (E) BCDA

30. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:

- A. Safe practices are therefore essential.
- B. Digital payments have grown rapidly in India.
- C. However, users must remain alert to cyber fraud.
- D. This growth has improved convenience for customers.

- (A) BCAD
- (B) ABCD
- (C) CABD
- (D) ABDC
- (E) BDCA

Section 2: Quantitative Aptitude

31. Find the value of $67 + 12 \times 75 - 43$.
- (A) 993
 - (B) 924
 - (C) 1105
 - (D) 845
 - (E) 1071
32. Find the value of $79 + 72 \times 47 - 76$.
- (A) 4139
 - (B) 3576
 - (C) 3079
 - (D) 3027
 - (E) 3387
33. Find the value of $34 + 63 \times 13 - 79$.
- (A) 611
 - (B) 774
 - (C) 907
 - (D) 927
 - (E) 966
34. Find the value of $32 + 24 \times 32 - 75$.
- (A) 725
 - (B) 625
 - (C) 549
 - (D) 889
 - (E) 584
35. Find the value of $29 + 50 \times 67 - 38$.
- (A) 3138
 - (B) 3106
 - (C) 4143
 - (D) 3040
 - (E) 3341
36. What is 25% of 800?
- (A) 200
 - (B) 164
 - (C) 154
 - (D) 137
 - (E) 253
37. What is 25% of 200?
- (A) 55
 - (B) 33
 - (C) 50
 - (D) 58
 - (E) 62
38. What is 20% of 200?
- (A) 50
 - (B) 28
 - (C) 37
 - (D) 40
 - (E) 43
39. An amount of 238 is divided in the ratio 5:9. What is the first share?
- (A) 72
 - (B) 101
 - (C) 92
 - (D) 61
 - (E) 85
40. An amount of 130 is divided in the ratio 6:7. What is the first share?
- (A) 48
 - (B) 73
 - (C) 60
 - (D) 53
 - (E) 76
41. Find the average of 27, 88, 44, 65, 31.
- (A) 58
 - (B) 59
 - (C) 63

- (D) 56
(E) 51
42. Find the average of 30, 24, 58, 49, 27.
(A) 45.06
(B) 46.75
(C) 37.6
(D) 44.97
(E) 46.34
43. An article costs Rs. 500 and is sold at a profit of 15%. Find the selling price.
(A) 685
(B) 459
(C) 665
(D) 645
(E) 575
44. An article costs Rs. 400 and is sold at a profit of 20%. Find the selling price.
(A) 403
(B) 444
(C) 422
(D) 412
(E) 480
45. Find the simple interest on Rs. 1200 at 10% per annum for 3 years.
(A) 337
(B) 422
(C) 396
(D) 435
(E) 360
46. Find the next number: 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, ?
(A) 20
(B) 23
(C) 24
(D) 16
(E) 22
47. Find the next number: 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, ?
(A) 60
(B) 49
(C) 56
(D) 55
(E) 69
48. Find the next number: 4, 12, 20, 28, 36, ?
(A) 44
(B) 54
(C) 53
(D) 49
(E) 40
49. Find the next number: 14, 19, 24, 29, 34, ?
(A) 41
(B) 30
(C) 44
(D) 39
(E) 42
50. Find the next number: 4, 12, 20, 28, 36, ?
(A) 52
(B) 44
(C) 40
(D) 36
(E) 49
51. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$?
(A) 5
(B) 4
(C) 3
(D) 6
(E) 2
52. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$?
(A) 3
(B) 2
(C) 5

- (D) 6
(E) 4
53. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 10x + 24 = 0$?
(A) 8
(B) 9
(C) 6
(D) 7
(E) 4
54. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 20x + 96 = 0$?
(A) 12
(B) 18
(C) 15
(D) 13
(E) 10
55. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 12x + 32 = 0$?
(A) 6
(B) 8
(C) 4
(D) 9
(E) 10
56. A can complete a job in 12 days and B in 24 days. In how many days can they complete it together?
(A) 11
(B) 9
(C) 7
(D) 6
(E) 8
57. A can complete a job in 24 days and B in 30 days. In how many days can they complete it together?
(A) 10.72
(B) 14.53
(C) 14.83
(D) 10.65
(E) 13.33
58. A vehicle travels at 40 km/h for 4 hours. What distance does it cover?
(A) 160
(B) 185
(C) 170
(D) 129
(E) 181
59. A vehicle travels at 40 km/h for 3 hours. What distance does it cover?
(A) 143
(B) 92
(C) 120
(D) 149
(E) 112
60. How much time is required to cover 180 km at 30 km/h?
(A) 7
(B) 8
(C) 4
(D) 6
(E) 5
61. **Data:** Number of loans approved by five branches: A=67, B=64, C=111, D=108, E=99
Which branch approved the highest number of loans?
(A) B
(B) D
(C) C
(D) A
(E) E
62. **Data:** Number of loans approved by five branches: A=67, B=64, C=111, D=108, E=99
What is the total number of loans approved?
(A) 529
(B) 492
(C) 449
(D) 517
(E) 481
63. **Data:** Number of loans approved by five branches: A=67, B=64, C=111, D=108, E=99
What is the difference between the highest and lowest values?

- (A) 64
- (B) 57
- (C) 62
- (D) 44
- (E) 47

64. Data: Number of loans approved by five branches: A=67, B=64, C=111, D=108, E=99
What is the average number of loans?

- (A) 95.35
- (B) 84.67
- (C) 112.12
- (D) 74.33
- (E) 89.8

65. Data: Number of loans approved by five branches: A=67, B=64, C=111, D=108, E=99
What is the combined value for branches A and D?

- (A) 202
- (B) 205
- (C) 165
- (D) 197
- (E) 175

Section 3: Reasoning Ability

66. Statements: All bankers are graduates. All graduates are readers.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) All readers are bankers.
- (B) Some graduates are not readers.
- (C) No banker is a reader.
- (D) All bankers are readers.
- (E) Some readers are not graduates.

67. Statements: No loan is a deposit. Some deposits are savings.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) No savings is a deposit.
- (B) All savings are loans.
- (C) Some savings are not loans.
- (D) Some loans are deposits.
- (E) All deposits are loans.

68. Statements: All cards are instruments. Some instruments are digital.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) No instrument is digital.
- (B) All digital things are cards.
- (C) Some cards are not instruments.
- (D) Some digital things are instruments.
- (E) No card is digital.

69. Statements: Some officers are managers. All managers are leaders.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) No manager is an officer.
- (B) All officers are leaders.
- (C) Some leaders are not managers.
- (D) No officer is a leader.
- (E) Some officers are leaders.

70. Statements: All branches are offices. No office is a vehicle.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) All vehicles are offices.
- (B) Some vehicles are branches.
- (C) No branch is a vehicle.
- (D) No office is a branch.
- (E) Some branches are vehicles.

71. Given $P > Y = T > Q$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $P > Q$
- (B) $Y < T$
- (C) $Q > P$
- (D) $P < Q$
- (E) $P = Q$

72. Given $U > T = R > X$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $U = X$
- (B) $T < R$
- (C) $U > X$
- (D) $U < X$
- (E) $X > U$

73. Given $Y > U = V > P$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $Y = P$
- (B) $U < V$
- (C) $Y > P$
- (D) $Y < P$
- (E) $P > Y$

74. Given $Y > U = V > P$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $P > Y$
- (B) $Y < P$
- (C) $U < V$
- (D) $Y = P$
- (E) $Y > P$

75. Given $T > X = P > V$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $T = V$
- (B) $T > V$
- (C) $V > T$
- (D) $T < V$
- (E) $X < P$

76. In a code, each letter is shifted 1 place(s) forward. How is RISK coded?
 (A) SJTL
 (B) VMWO
 (C) None of these
 (D) WNXP
 (E) TKUM
77. In a code, each letter is shifted 3 place(s) forward. How is LOAN coded?
 (A) PSER
 (B) NQCP
 (C) QTFS
 (D) ORDQ
 (E) None of these
78. In a code, each letter is shifted 3 place(s) forward. How is FUND coded?
 (A) IXQG
 (B) None of these
 (C) HWPF
 (D) KZSI
 (E) JYRH
79. In a code, each letter is shifted 3 place(s) forward. How is RISK coded?
 (A) None of these
 (B) TKUM
 (C) WNXP
 (D) ULVN
 (E) VMWO
80. In a code, each letter is shifted 3 place(s) forward. How is BANK coded?
 (A) GFSP
 (B) EDQN
 (C) FERO
 (D) DCPM
 (E) None of these
81. A walks 5 km north and then 3 km east. In which direction is A from the start?
 (A) North-East
 (B) North
 (C) South-East
 (D) South-West
 (E) North-West
82. B walks 4 km south and then 4 km west. In which direction is B from the start?
 (A) North-East
 (B) West
 (C) North-West
 (D) South-West
 (E) South-East
83. C faces east, turns right, then turns left. Which direction is C facing?
 (A) East
 (B) West
 (C) North
 (D) North-East
 (E) South
84. D faces north and turns 135 degrees clockwise. Which direction is D facing?
 (A) North
 (B) West
 (C) North-East
 (D) South-East
 (E) South-West
85. E walks west, turns left and then turns right. Which direction is E finally moving?
 (A) North
 (B) North-West
 (C) West
 (D) South
 (E) East
86. Find the next term in the series: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, ?
 (A) 15
 (B) 10
 (C) 13
 (D) 14
 (E) 12

87. Find the next term in the series: 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, ?
- (A) 25
 - (B) 31
 - (C) 33
 - (D) 27
 - (E) 28
88. Find the next term in the series: 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, ?
- (A) 27
 - (B) 29
 - (C) 35
 - (D) 22
 - (E) 31
89. Find the next term in the series: 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, ?
- (A) 19
 - (B) 22
 - (C) 21
 - (D) 17
 - (E) 16
90. Find the next term in the series: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, ?
- (A) 28
 - (B) 21
 - (C) 39
 - (D) 30
 - (E) 35
91. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Bina, Esha, Charu, Aman, Deep. Who sits at the extreme left?
- (A) Bina
 - (B) Deep
 - (C) Charu
 - (D) Esha
 - (E) Aman
92. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Bina, Esha, Charu, Aman, Deep. Who sits at the extreme right?
- (A) Esha
 - (B) Charu
 - (C) Aman
 - (D) Deep
 - (E) Bina
93. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Bina, Esha, Charu, Aman, Deep. Who sits immediately to the right of Esha?
- (A) Esha
 - (B) Charu
 - (C) Aman
 - (D) Bina
 - (E) Deep
94. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Bina, Esha, Charu, Aman, Deep. Who sits between Esha and Aman?
- (A) Esha
 - (B) Deep
 - (C) Aman
 - (D) Charu
 - (E) Bina
95. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Bina, Esha, Charu, Aman, Deep. Who is second from the left?
- (A) Deep
 - (B) Charu
 - (C) Aman
 - (D) Esha
 - (E) Bina
96. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-K, 2-N, 3-M, 4-L, 5-O. Who lives on the top floor?
- (A) M
 - (B) O
 - (C) L
 - (D) K
 - (E) N

97. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-K, 2-N, 3-M, 4-L, 5-O.

Who lives on floor 2?

- (A) O
- (B) N
- (C) K
- (D) L
- (E) M

98. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-K, 2-N, 3-M, 4-L, 5-O.

Who lives immediately above M?

- (A) M
- (B) K
- (C) L
- (D) O
- (E) N

99. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-K, 2-N, 3-M, 4-L, 5-O.

How many floors are below L?

- (A) 1
- (B) 0
- (C) 4
- (D) 3
- (E) 2

100. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-K, 2-N, 3-M, 4-L, 5-O.

Who lives on the lowest floor?

- (A) M
- (B) O
- (C) L
- (D) K
- (E) N

Complete Answer Key

1-C	2-B	3-C	4-B	5-B	6-A	7-E	8-D	9-E	10-E
11-E	12-E	13-D	14-E	15-C	16-E	17-E	18-D	19-A	20-A
21-B	22-E	23-A	24-A	25-E	26-C	27-C	28-D	29-E	30-E
31-B	32-E	33-B	34-A	35-E	36-A	37-C	38-D	39-E	40-C
41-E	42-C	43-E	44-E	45-E	46-A	47-A	48-A	49-D	50-B
51-B	52-E	53-C	54-A	55-B	56-E	57-E	58-A	59-C	60-D
61-C	62-C	63-E	64-E	65-E	66-D	67-C	68-D	69-E	70-C
71-A	72-C	73-C	74-E	75-B	76-A	77-D	78-A	79-D	80-B
81-A	82-D	83-A	84-D	85-C	86-E	87-B	88-B	89-A	90-D
91-A	92-D	93-B	94-D	95-D	96-B	97-B	98-C	99-D	100-D