

IBPS PO Prelims Mock Test 7

Prepared according to the latest CRP PO/MT-XVI structure announced in July 2026

Section	Questions	Marks	Time
English Language	30	30	20 min
Quantitative Aptitude	35	30	20 min
Reasoning Ability	35	40	20 min
Total	100	100	60 min

Instructions: Sectional timing applies. The paper contains 100 questions for 100 marks. Negative marking: one-fourth of the marks assigned to a question for each wrong answer.

Disclaimer: This is original educational practice material, not an official IBPS question paper. Candidates must verify current rules at www.ibps.in.

Section 1: English Language

1. Passage: A good preparation plan balances learning, revision and testing. Many candidates spend most of their time reading but postpone mock tests until the final week. This approach often creates false confidence because passive reading does not reveal whether a student can solve questions under time pressure. A better method is to complete one topic, practise questions, review mistakes and revisit the topic after a gap. Full-length mock tests should then be used to improve selection strategy, accuracy and stamina. The objective is not merely to attempt more questions, but to attempt the right questions with control.

What problem is identified in the passage?

- (A) Candidates focus only on sleep
- (B) Candidates revise too often
- (C) Candidates solve too many questions
- (D) Candidates avoid all study material
- (E) Candidates delay mock tests and rely too much on reading

2. Why can passive reading create false confidence?

- (A) It removes negative marking
- (B) It does not test performance under time pressure
- (C) It makes the syllabus shorter
- (D) It guarantees accuracy
- (E) It always improves memory

3. What should follow the completion of a topic?

- (A) Taking a long break
- (B) Skipping difficult questions
- (C) Only rereading
- (D) Changing the syllabus
- (E) Practice, error review and spaced revision

4. What is the purpose of full-length mock tests?

- (A) To learn new grammar rules only
- (B) To avoid revision
- (C) To improve strategy, accuracy and stamina
- (D) To replace the syllabus
- (E) To increase guessing

5. The author values:

- (A) controlled and accurate attempts
- (B) passive reading
- (C) maximum guessing
- (D) avoiding feedback
- (E) last-minute study

6. Cloze passage: Effective preparation begins with a clear plan. Candidates should ____ (1) the syllabus, divide topics into weekly targets and ____ (2) progress regularly. Mistakes must be ____ (3) rather than ignored. Short revision cycles help ____ (4) information, while mock tests build the ability to work ____ (5) pressure.

Choose the best word for blank (1).

- (A) oppose
- (B) postpone
- (C) hide
- (D) understand
- (E) erase

7. Choose the best word for blank (2).

- (A) review
- (B) invent

- (C) freeze
(D) scatter
(E) damage
8. Choose the best word for blank (3).
(A) celebrated
(B) borrowed
(C) hidden
(D) analysed
(E) printed
9. Choose the best word for blank (4).
(A) confuse
(B) avoid
(C) retain
(D) delete
(E) divide
10. Choose the best word for blank (5).
(A) beside
(B) under
(C) across
(D) without
(E) beyond
11. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *The results will be declared until Friday.*
(A) The results will be declared by Friday.
(B) No improvement required
(C) None of these
(D) The results will be declared until Friday.
(E) The results will be declared by Friday.
12. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *One of my friend is preparing for IBPS PO.*
(A) One of my friends is preparing for IBPS PO.
(B) None of these
(C) No improvement required
(D) One of my friend is preparing for IBPS PO.
(E) One of my friends are preparing for IBPS PO.
13. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *She is senior than me in the department.*
(A) She is senior than me in the department.
(B) None of these
(C) No improvement required
(D) She is senior to me in the department.
(E) She are senior to me in the department.
14. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *Despite of the rain, the exam started on time.*
(A) Despite the rain, the exam started on time.
(B) No improvement required
(C) Despite the rain, the exam started on time.
(D) Despite of the rain, the exam started on time.
(E) None of these
15. Choose the correct replacement for the sentence: *She prefers tea than coffee.*
(A) She prefers tea than coffee.
(B) No improvement required
(C) She prefers tea to coffee.
(D) She prefers tea to coffee.
(E) None of these
16. A diversified portfolio can help _____ investment risk.
(A) reduce
(B) announce
(C) repeat
(D) create
(E) measure
17. Regular mock tests help candidates _____ their speed.
(A) improve
(B) ignore
(C) hide
(D) borrow
(E) destroy
18. The auditor was asked to _____ the unusual transaction.
(A) investigate
(B) decorate

- (C) postpone
- (D) translate
- (E) multiply

19. The central bank took measures to _____ inflation.

- (A) invent
- (B) celebrate
- (C) control
- (D) divide
- (E) scatter

20. The candidate remained _____ despite the difficult paper.

- (A) empty
- (B) formal
- (C) narrow
- (D) ancient
- (E) calm

21. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Mitigate**.

- (A) ignore
- (B) measure
- (C) repeat
- (D) reduce
- (E) intensify

22. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Integrity**.

- (A) honesty
- (B) speed
- (C) luxury
- (D) fear
- (E) silence

23. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Resilient**.

- (A) unrelated
- (B) able to recover
- (C) invisible
- (D) fragile
- (E) careless

24. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Robust**.

- (A) strong
- (B) weak
- (C) late
- (D) narrow
- (E) dull

25. Choose the word/phrase closest in meaning to **Feasible**.

- (A) expensive
- (B) practical
- (C) secret
- (D) illegal
- (E) impossible

26. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:

- A. Repeated testing improves accuracy.
- B. A mock test reveals weak areas.
- C. It also builds exam confidence.
- D. The candidate can then revise those topics.

- (A) CBAD
- (B) BDAC
- (C) BACD
- (D) ACBD
- (E) ABDC

27. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:

- A. This growth has improved convenience for customers.
- B. Digital payments have grown rapidly in India.
- C. However, users must remain alert to cyber fraud.
- D. Safe practices are therefore essential.

- (A) CBAD
- (B) BACD
- (C) BDAC
- (D) ABCD
- (E) BCAD

28. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:

- A. Thus, banks play a key role in economic activity.

- B. They use a part of these funds for lending.
- C. Banks collect deposits from the public.
- D. Lending supports households and businesses.

- (A) BCAD
- (B) CABD
- (C) CBDA
- (D) ABCD
- (E) BDAC

29. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:

- A. It helps people control unnecessary spending.
- B. Over time, this supports better saving habits.
- C. A budget records income and expenses.
- D. Financial literacy begins with budgeting.

- (A) ABCD
- (B) CADB
- (C) DCAB
- (D) CABD
- (E) CBAD

30. Arrange the sentences in the most logical order:

- A. Central banks monitor price trends carefully.
- B. Inflation reduces purchasing power.
- C. The aim is to maintain price stability.
- D. They may change policy rates when required.

- (A) CABD
- (B) BADC
- (C) BDAC
- (D) BACD
- (E) ACBD

Section 2: Quantitative Aptitude

31. Find the value of $35 + 27 \times 41 - 79$.
- (A) 1181
 - (B) 1238
 - (C) 798
 - (D) 1145
 - (E) 1063
32. Find the value of $65 + 73 \times 62 - 50$.
- (A) 5411
 - (B) 5544
 - (C) 5614
 - (D) 5254
 - (E) 4541
33. Find the value of $76 + 18 \times 71 - 60$.
- (A) 1561
 - (B) 1197
 - (C) 1102
 - (D) 1294
 - (E) 1573
34. Find the value of $37 + 19 \times 33 - 17$.
- (A) 603
 - (B) 524
 - (C) 571
 - (D) 608
 - (E) 647
35. Find the value of $66 + 71 \times 13 - 34$.
- (A) 1190
 - (B) 955
 - (C) 1074
 - (D) 866
 - (E) 815
36. What is 35% of 1000?
- (A) 397
 - (B) 460
 - (C) 286
 - (D) 256
 - (E) 350
37. What is 40% of 800?
- (A) 401
 - (B) 237
 - (C) 320
 - (D) 250
 - (E) 291
38. What is 10% of 500?
- (A) 50
 - (B) 44
 - (C) 34
 - (D) 38
 - (E) 53
39. An amount of 270 is divided in the ratio 9:9. What is the first share?
- (A) 97
 - (B) 135
 - (C) 99
 - (D) 153
 - (E) 171
40. An amount of 100 is divided in the ratio 2:3. What is the first share?
- (A) 40
 - (B) 34
 - (C) 33
 - (D) 38
 - (E) 29
41. Find the average of 83, 75, 58, 33, 35.
- (A) 65.4
 - (B) 46.27
 - (C) 68.78

- (D) 52.39
(E) 56.8
42. Find the average of 41, 39, 37, 32, 38.
(A) 45.25
(B) 29.63
(C) 39.66
(D) 44.46
(E) 37.4
43. An article costs Rs. 500 and is sold at a profit of 25%. Find the selling price.
(A) 679
(B) 492
(C) 780
(D) 625
(E) 539
44. An article costs Rs. 200 and is sold at a profit of 15%. Find the selling price.
(A) 254
(B) 244
(C) 218
(D) 230
(E) 250
45. Find the simple interest on Rs. 1000 at 6% per annum for 4 years.
(A) 240
(B) 257
(C) 311
(D) 264
(E) 178
46. Find the next number: 7, 14, 21, 28, 35, ?
(A) 35
(B) 36
(C) 46
(D) 42
(E) 32
47. Find the next number: 14, 26, 38, 50, 62, ?
(A) 59
(B) 80
(C) 90
(D) 88
(E) 74
48. Find the next number: 4, 7, 10, 13, 16, ?
(A) 18
(B) 14
(C) 23
(D) 19
(E) 21
49. Find the next number: 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, ?
(A) 35
(B) 38
(C) 43
(D) 32
(E) 27
50. Find the next number: 7, 18, 29, 40, 51, ?
(A) 70
(B) 76
(C) 75
(D) 62
(E) 77
51. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 13x + 30 = 0$?
(A) 6
(B) 11
(C) 13
(D) 10
(E) 9
52. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 15x + 36 = 0$?
(A) 12
(B) 15
(C) 7

- (D) 11
(E) 8
53. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 19x + 84 = 0$?
(A) 16
(B) 13
(C) 12
(D) 17
(E) 9
54. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 16x + 60 = 0$?
(A) 10
(B) 12
(C) 8
(D) 7
(E) 11
55. What is the greater root of $x^2 - 18x + 81 = 0$?
(A) 9
(B) 5
(C) 12
(D) 10
(E) 7
56. A can complete a job in 10 days and B in 36 days. In how many days can they complete it together?
(A) 7.83
(B) 9.26
(C) 9.03
(D) 5.69
(E) 7
57. A can complete a job in 15 days and B in 15 days. In how many days can they complete it together?
(A) 7.5
(B) 9.93
(C) 5.5
(D) 6.22
(E) 7.89
58. A vehicle travels at 40 km/h for 3 hours. What distance does it cover?
(A) 112
(B) 120
(C) 133
(D) 129
(E) 139
59. A vehicle travels at 72 km/h for 3 hours. What distance does it cover?
(A) 254
(B) 169
(C) 242
(D) 216
(E) 166
60. How much time is required to cover 240 km at 60 km/h?
(A) 6
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 5
(E) 2
61. **Data:** Number of loans approved by five branches: A=70, B=112, C=94, D=95, E=67
Which branch approved the highest number of loans?
(A) B
(B) E
(C) D
(D) A
(E) C
62. **Data:** Number of loans approved by five branches: A=70, B=112, C=94, D=95, E=67
What is the total number of loans approved?
(A) 438
(B) 485
(C) 491
(D) 378
(E) 505
63. **Data:** Number of loans approved by five branches: A=70, B=112, C=94, D=95, E=67
What is the difference between the highest and lowest values?

- (A) 31
- (B) 32
- (C) 28
- (D) 54
- (E) 45

64. Data: Number of loans approved by five branches: A=70, B=112, C=94, D=95, E=67
What is the average number of loans?

- (A) 102.81
- (B) 108.68
- (C) 100.79
- (D) 99.96
- (E) 87.6

65. Data: Number of loans approved by five branches: A=70, B=112, C=94, D=95, E=67
What is the combined value for branches A and D?

- (A) 152
- (B) 174
- (C) 191
- (D) 145
- (E) 165

Section 3: Reasoning Ability

66. Statements: All bankers are graduates. All graduates are readers.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) All readers are bankers.
- (B) No banker is a reader.
- (C) Some graduates are not readers.
- (D) Some readers are not graduates.
- (E) All bankers are readers.

67. Statements: No loan is a deposit. Some deposits are savings.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) Some loans are deposits.
- (B) Some savings are not loans.
- (C) All savings are loans.
- (D) No savings is a deposit.
- (E) All deposits are loans.

68. Statements: All cards are instruments. Some instruments are digital.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) No instrument is digital.
- (B) All digital things are cards.
- (C) Some cards are not instruments.
- (D) Some digital things are instruments.
- (E) No card is digital.

69. Statements: Some officers are managers. All managers are leaders.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) Some officers are leaders.
- (B) All officers are leaders.
- (C) No manager is an officer.
- (D) Some leaders are not managers.
- (E) No officer is a leader.

70. Statements: All branches are offices. No office is a vehicle.

Which conclusion definitely follows?

- (A) All vehicles are offices.
- (B) Some branches are vehicles.
- (C) Some vehicles are branches.
- (D) No branch is a vehicle.
- (E) No office is a branch.

71. Given $V > Z = X > R$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $V > R$
- (B) $Z < X$
- (C) $V < R$
- (D) $R > V$
- (E) $V = R$

72. Given $X > U = Q > T$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $X = T$
- (B) $U < Q$
- (C) $X < T$
- (D) $T > X$
- (E) $X > T$

73. Given $Q > P = Y > Z$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $Q > Z$
- (B) $Q < Z$
- (C) $P < Y$
- (D) $Z > Q$
- (E) $Q = Z$

74. Given $U > P = Q > S$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $U < S$
- (B) $U = S$
- (C) $S > U$
- (D) $P < Q$
- (E) $U > S$

75. Given $S > Z = R > U$, which relation is definitely true?

- (A) $S < U$
- (B) $U > S$
- (C) $Z < R$
- (D) $S > U$
- (E) $S = U$

76. In a code, each letter is shifted 2 place(s) forward. How is SAFE coded?
 (A) UCHG
 (B) XFKJ
 (C) TBGF
 (D) VDIH
 (E) WEJI
77. In a code, each letter is shifted 2 place(s) forward. How is CASH coded?
 (A) ECUJ
 (B) DBTI
 (C) FDVK
 (D) GEWL
 (E) HFXM
78. In a code, each letter is shifted 2 place(s) forward. How is RATE coded?
 (A) VEXI
 (B) UDWH
 (C) WFYJ
 (D) SBUF
 (E) TCVG
79. In a code, each letter is shifted 1 place(s) forward. How is RISK coded?
 (A) WNXP
 (B) SJTL
 (C) TKUM
 (D) VMWO
 (E) None of these
80. In a code, each letter is shifted 2 place(s) forward. How is SAFE coded?
 (A) VDIH
 (B) WEJI
 (C) TBGF
 (D) XFKJ
 (E) UCHG
81. A walks 5 km north and then 3 km east. In which direction is A from the start?
 (A) South-West
 (B) North
 (C) North-East
 (D) South-East
 (E) North-West
82. B walks 4 km south and then 4 km west. In which direction is B from the start?
 (A) South-East
 (B) West
 (C) North-East
 (D) North-West
 (E) South-West
83. C faces east, turns right, then turns left. Which direction is C facing?
 (A) North-East
 (B) South
 (C) West
 (D) East
 (E) North
84. D faces north and turns 135 degrees clockwise. Which direction is D facing?
 (A) North
 (B) South-West
 (C) West
 (D) South-East
 (E) North-East
85. E walks west, turns left and then turns right. Which direction is E finally moving?
 (A) North
 (B) South
 (C) North-West
 (D) West
 (E) East
86. Find the next term in the series: 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, ?
 (A) 22
 (B) 23
 (C) 20
 (D) 26
 (E) 29

87. Find the next term in the series: 1, 4, 7, 10, 13, ?
(A) 17
(B) 16
(C) 12
(D) 13
(E) 18
88. Find the next term in the series: 8, 11, 14, 17, 20, ?
(A) 26
(B) 21
(C) 17
(D) 19
(E) 23
89. Find the next term in the series: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, ?
(A) 11
(B) 8
(C) 15
(D) 13
(E) 12
90. Find the next term in the series: 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, ?
(A) 20
(B) 26
(C) 22
(D) 27
(E) 16
91. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Charu, Aman, Esha, Bina, Deep.
Who sits at the extreme left?
(A) Bina
(B) Aman
(C) Esha
(D) Deep
(E) Charu
92. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Charu, Aman, Esha, Bina, Deep.
Who sits at the extreme right?
(A) Charu
(B) Deep
(C) Esha
(D) Bina
(E) Aman
93. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Charu, Aman, Esha, Bina, Deep.
Who sits immediately to the right of Aman?
(A) Esha
(B) Bina
(C) Charu
(D) Deep
(E) Aman
94. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Charu, Aman, Esha, Bina, Deep.
Who sits between Aman and Bina?
(A) Deep
(B) Charu
(C) Esha
(D) Aman
(E) Bina
95. Five persons sit in a row facing north in this order from left to right: Charu, Aman, Esha, Bina, Deep.
Who is second from the left?
(A) Deep
(B) Aman
(C) Esha
(D) Charu
(E) Bina
96. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-L, 2-N, 3-O, 4-M, 5-K.
Who lives on the top floor?
(A) O
(B) N
(C) M
(D) K
(E) L

97. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-L, 2-N, 3-O, 4-M, 5-K.

Who lives on floor 2?

- (A) O
- (B) L
- (C) K
- (D) M
- (E) N

98. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-L, 2-N, 3-O, 4-M, 5-K.

Who lives immediately above O?

- (A) L
- (B) M
- (C) N
- (D) K
- (E) O

99. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-L, 2-N, 3-O, 4-M, 5-K.

How many floors are below M?

- (A) 3
- (B) 2
- (C) 4
- (D) 0
- (E) 1

100. Five persons live on floors 1 to 5, where 1 is the lowest. Floor-wise residents are: 1-L, 2-N, 3-O, 4-M, 5-K.

Who lives on the lowest floor?

- (A) O
- (B) L
- (C) M
- (D) N
- (E) K

Complete Answer Key

1-E	2-B	3-E	4-C	5-A	6-D	7-A	8-D	9-C	10-B
11-E	12-A	13-D	14-C	15-C	16-A	17-A	18-A	19-C	20-E
21-D	22-A	23-B	24-A	25-B	26-B	27-B	28-C	29-C	30-B
31-E	32-E	33-D	34-E	35-B	36-E	37-C	38-A	39-B	40-A
41-E	42-E	43-D	44-D	45-A	46-D	47-E	48-D	49-A	50-D
51-D	52-A	53-C	54-A	55-A	56-A	57-A	58-B	59-D	60-C
61-A	62-A	63-E	64-E	65-E	66-E	67-B	68-D	69-A	70-D
71-A	72-E	73-A	74-E	75-D	76-A	77-A	78-E	79-B	80-E
81-C	82-E	83-D	84-D	85-D	86-B	87-B	88-E	89-E	90-C
91-E	92-B	93-A	94-C	95-B	96-D	97-E	98-B	99-A	100-B